PAPER-II

Total Marks: 100

Time: 2 hours

THE TRANSFER OF PROPERTY ACT, 1882 [10 MARKS]

[1 X 10 Marks]

Answer any one of the following questions: [1 X]

What are the essentials of a valid gift under the Transfer of Property Act, 1882?

 What do you mean by sale of immovable property? How sale of immovable property is made. State the rights and liabilities of the buyer and seller.

THE CODE OF CRIMINAL PROCEDURE (20 MARKS)

Answer any two of the following questions:

[2 X 10 Marks]

- 3. What procedure is followed by a Magistrate on receiving a complaint under the Code of Criminal Procedure?
- 4. Discuss the provisions of Cr.P.C relating to pronouncement of absconded person.
- What are the contents of a Charge? Under what circumstances a Court can alter a Charge?
- 6. Discuss the provisions of CrPC with regard to compounding of offences.

THE INDIAN PENAL CODE [20 MARKS]

Answer any two of the following questions:

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[2 X 10 Marks]

- In all murders there is culpable homicide, but every culpable homicide is not necessarily murder. Discuss.
- What do you mean by the term 'criminal conspiracy'? Discuss differences between criminal liability under Section 34 IPC and Section 120A IPC.
- Discuss the right of private defence under IPC. When the right of private defence of the body extends to causing death? Discuss.
- 10. Distinguish between the offences of kidnapping and abduction?

THE LIMITATION ACT, 1963 [10 MARKS]

[1 X 10 Marks]

 Where once time has begun to run, no subsequent disability or inability stops it. Discuss in brief. 12. Discuss the provisions of Section 14 of the Limitation Act relating to exclusion of time of proceeding bona fide filed in the court not having jurisdiction.

THE CODE OF CIVIL PROCEDURE [20 MARKS]

Answer any two of the following questions:

[2 X 10 Marks]

- 13. What are the pre-requisites for the grant of relief of temporary injunction? Discuss in brief. Can relief of temporary injunction be granted when the suit itself is barred under any law.
- 14. Discuss the scope of review and grounds for review of a judgment or order.
- Critically examine the distinction between 'return of plaint' and 'rejection of plaint'.
- 16. A entered into an agreement with B at Tura to sell his plot of land situated at Shillong to B. A later refused to sell the land. B filed a suit at Tura for specific performance of the said agreement. Discuss whether the suit is maintainable at Tura. Discuss the provisions of the Code of Civil Procedure with regard to place of institution of suit.

THE INDIAN EVIDENCE ACT, 1872 [20 MARKS]

Answer any two of the following questions:

[2 X 10 Marks]

- 17. 'A' is tried for murder of 'B'. 'A' says to police officer "I have buried the knife with which I committed the murder of 'B'. He shows the place where knife was buried. The knife was taken out. Whether the statement "with which I committed the murder of 'B'" is admissible? Discuss.
- 18. "The contents of a document may be proved either by primary or by secondary evidence." Discuss when secondary evidence relating to documents may be given.
- Explain who can testify as a witness under the Indian Evidence Act. Discuss whether an accomplice is a competent witness.
- Discuss the evidentiary value of opinion of (a) handwriting expert, (b) finger-print expert and (c) medical expert.